

CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION

ELIGIBILITY CHART

Program	Citizen or National	Lawful Permanent Residents (age 19 and over)	Lawful Permanent Residents (under age 19)	Refugees, Asylees, Victims other humanitarian entrants	Lawfully Present Immigrants	Undocumented Immigrants
Health Insurance Premium Tax Credits & Cost Sharing Reductions	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	—
Washington Apple Health for Adults (ages 19-64)	✓	✓ ³	NA	✓ ¹	— ²	—
Washington Apple Health for Pregnant Women (ages 19-64)	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓
Washington Apple Health for Kids (ages 1-18)	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	✓
Alien Emergency Medical	—	✓ ⁵	—	—	✓	✓

Eligible
 Not Eligible
 NA Not Applicable

1. Lawfully Present “Qualified” Immigrants: Must meet 5-year bar unless exempt. (*) indicates exempt from 5-year bar.

- Lawful Permanent Residents (LPR) – including:
 - *Amerasians who were born to U.S. citizen armed services members in SE Asia during the Vietnam War.
- *Refugees – including:
 - *Hmong and Highland Laotians.
 - *Special immigrants from Iraq.
 - *Afghan evacuees in all three groups (SIV program, Special Immigrant Parolees or Humanitarian Non-SI Parolees).
 - *Victims of trafficking.
- *Asylees.
- *Cuban/Haitian entrants.
- *Persons granted withholding of deportation or removal.
- Parolees - if granted parole for at least one year.
- Certain abused spouses/children – including those with:
 - An I-130 notice of “prima facie” approval of a pending or approved self-petition under the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA).

- Admitted to the U.S. as conditional entrants prior to April 1, 1980.
- *Lawful Permanent Residents, parolees, or battered aliens who are also an armed services member or veteran, or a family member of a veteran as described below:
 - *On active duty in the US military, other than active duty for training;
 - *An honorably discharged US veteran;
 - *A Veteran of the military of the Philippines who served prior to 07/01/46;
 - *The spouse, an un-remarried widow or widower; or
 - *Unmarried dependent child of a veteran or active duty service member.

NOTE: The 5-year bar does not apply to individuals that have obtained a "qualified alien" status within the last 5 years, if they entered the U.S. prior to 8/22/96 and have continuously lived in the U.S. since 8/22/96. See WAC 182-503-0535.

NOTE: The code on the green card indicates how an LPR entered the U.S. If an individual entered the U.S. under a status that is exempt from the 5-year bar and they have had LPR status for less than 5 years, they are still exempt from the 5-year bar.

2. Lawfully Present "Non-Qualified" Immigrants:

These are non-citizens who are lawfully present in the U.S. and are not included in the definition of qualified aliens listed above. Common non-qualified aliens include:

- Citizens of Marshall Islands, Micronesia or Palau.
- Immigrants paroled into the U.S. for less than one year.
- Immigrants granted temporary protected status (TPS).
- Nonimmigrants who are allowed entry into the U.S. for a specific purpose usually for a limited time, such as:
 - Business visitors;
 - Students; and
 - Tourists.
- Abused aliens who are a relative of a U.S. citizen with an approved I-130 petition but not meeting the other requirements of battered immigrants, as described in WAC 182-503-0530. Abused aliens who have self-petitioned under VAWA but not yet received "Notice of "Prima Facie" eligibility, as described in WAC 182-503-0530.
- Applicants for adjustment of status, asylum, cancellation of removal, suspension of deportation, or withholding of deportation or removal.
- Cancellation of removal, deferred action {*with the exception of Deferred Action Childhood Arrival (DACA)} or suspension of deportation granted. (Note: if a person is granted cancellation of removal or suspension of deportation based on having been abused or granted deferred action based on an approved self-petition as an abused alien, they are a "qualified alien".)
- Deferred enforced departure granted.
- Family unity granted.
- "K", "S", "U" or "V" statuses, designated on a person's visa, allow holders to work and eventually to adjust to Lawful Permanent Resident (LPR) status.
- Lawful temporary residents under the amnesty program of the Immigration Reform and control Act (IRCA), including those admitted under Sections 210 ("special agricultural workers") and 245A of the INA.
- Order of suspension granted.
- Eligible to petition as special immigrant juveniles. These are juveniles who have been declared a "dependent of the state" and eligible for long-term foster care due to abuse, neglect or abandonment.
- Stay of deportation or removal granted.
- Voluntary departure granted - definite or indefinite time.

*An individual granted DACA status is not eligible for federally-funded Apple Health programs or eligible to purchase health care coverage through a QHP/HIPTC. They are potentially eligible for the following programs: State-funded Apple Health for Kids and Pregnant Women, Alien Emergency Medical program, and Medical Care Services.

3. Adult Lawful Permanent Residents who entered the U.S. after 8/22/1996 must be in LPR status for five years before they become eligible for Washington Apple Health Adult coverage. This five year federal waiting period does not apply to Washington Apple Health for Pregnant Women or the Alien Emergency Medical program.

4. The Washington Apple Health program is an "umbrella program" that encompasses various programs for very specific populations. It is important to note that some Washington Apple Health Programs are funded in part by the Federal Government, and some programs are funded only by Washington State.

5. Adult Lawful Permanent Residents that are not pregnant and who have not satisfied the 5-year federal waiting period and are not exempt, may be eligible for Alien Emergency Medical if they have a qualifying emergent medical condition.